You are fertilizing more than your grass.

The storm drain in your street is a direct link to our lakes and rivers. The choices you make when caring for your lawn directly affect water quality.

A common cause of lake and river pollution is phosphorus runoff. Though phosphorus is important for grass growth, levels in most Clear Lake lawns are naturally high enough and do not require additional fertilizer. Have your lawn tested it you believe it needs phosphorus.

Phosphorus turns lakes and rivers green. Phosphorus stimulates the growth of algae in lakes and rivers. This crowds out other water plants and reduces oxygen available to fish. The result is unattractive, foul-smelling water that is bad for fish, wildlife, and humans.

Nitrogen, not phosphorus, greens up grass.

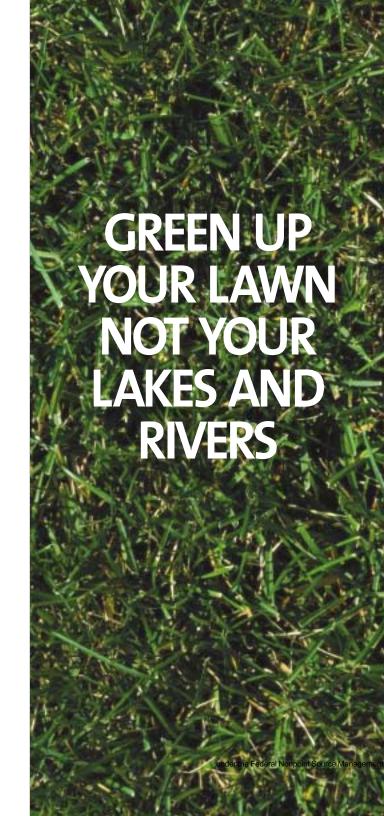
Phosphorus-free lawn fertilizer still contains nitrogen, the plant nutrient that greens up grass.

To keep our lakes and rivers healthy, we need to manage phosphorus carefully. Read on to learn how you can reduce phosphorus runoff from lawn fertilizers and other sources!

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REMOVE LEAVES FROM THE STREET

• Rake leaves, seeds and grass clippings out of the street and gutter.

· Compost on site or bag and take to the Yard Waste Collection Center.

PREVENT EROSION

• Phosphorus attaches to soil. Keep soil from washing into the street.

FERTILIZE THE LAWN, NOT THE LAKES AND RIVERS

 Choose a zero-phosphorus fertilizer. The majority of Clear Lake lawns are naturally high in phosphorus and will remain healthy without adding more.

• If you think your lawn needs phosphorus, test your soil first. For information call Frontier Labs at 357-7645 or your county ISU Extension office.

• Sweep spilled fertilizer off paved surfaces.

 Remember, compost and manure contain phosphorus too.

CLEAN UP AFTER PETS

· Scoop the poop. Pet waste contains phosphorus as well as harmful bacteria.

• This is a Clear Lake ordinance.

Anything that enters a storm drain goes directly to a local lake or river.

It does not go to a waste water treatment facility.

Do you know you live on waterfront property? You do if there is a storm drain nearby! Storm drains carry runoff water directly to lakes and rivers. Whatever washes off your yard and street runs directly into these waters. END UP IN THE STORM SEWER. That includes lawn fertilizer, grass clippings, pet waste, and tree leaves and seeds—all sources of phosphorus, the plant nutrient that turns lakes and rivers green with algae.

Keep your runoff clean! Keep our lakes and rivers clean!



KEEP THE PAVEMENT CLEAN

Sweep up grass clippings and fertilizer from driveways, sidewalks, and streets.